

Updated: April 9, 2020

If you have tested positive for COVID-19, including early or mild symptoms, you should be in isolation and stay away from others until:

- You have had no fever for at least 72 hours (that is three full days of no fever without the use of medicine that reduces fevers) AND
- Other symptoms have improved (for example, when your cough or shortness of breath have improved) AND
- At least 7 days have passed since your specimen was collected

If you develop symptoms of COVID-19 and are not tested or tested negative, including early or mild symptoms, you should be in isolation and stay away from others until:

- You have had no fever for at least 72 hours (that is three full days of no fever without the use of medicine that reduces fevers) AND
- Other symptoms have improved (for example, when your cough or shortness of breath have improved)

If you develop emergency warning signs for COVID-19, get medical attention immediately.

Emergency warning signs include*:

- Difficulty getting enough air
- · Chest pain
- Change in alertness or responsiveness

- Bluish lips or face
- Rapid breathing

*This list is not all inclusive. Please consult your medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning.

For more information, visit the ADHS Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) page.

Additional Resources - click to access:

- Stop the Spread of Germs ADHS
- What is COVID-19? ADHS
- Know the Symptoms of COVID-19 ADHS
- Running Essential Errands CDC
- What to do if you are sick CDC
- Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and You CDC
- Steps to help prevent the spread of COVID-19 if you are sick CDC
- COVID-19 Resources for Households CDC
- Who Should be Tested for COVID-19?
- 10 Ways to Manage Respiratory Symptoms at Home
- Specimen Collection Site Hours
- COVID-19 Information Line Hours
- Help Slow the Spread of COVID-19: How to make and wear your own cloth face coverings